## Dynamic Posted-Price Mechanisms for the Blockchain Transaction Fee Market

Matheus V. X. Ferreira  $\square$ 

Computer Science, Harvard University, Boston, MA, USA

Daniel J. Moroz ⊠

Computer Science, Harvard University, Boston, MA, USA

David C. Parkes  $\square$ 

Computer Science, Harvard University, Boston, MA, USA

Mitchell Stern  $\square$ 

EECS, University of California at Berkeley, CA, USA

## - Abstract

In recent years, prominent blockchain systems such as Bitcoin and Ethereum have experienced explosive growth in transaction volume, leading to frequent surges in demand for limited block space and causing transaction fees to fluctuate by orders of magnitude. Existing systems sell space using first-price auctions; however, users find it difficult to estimate how much they need to bid in order to get their transactions accepted onto the chain. If they bid too low, their transactions can have long confirmation times. If they bid too high, they pay larger fees than necessary.

In light of these issues, new transaction fee mechanisms have been proposed, most notably EIP-1559, aiming to provide better usability. EIP-1559 is a history-dependent mechanism that relies on block utilization to adjust a base fee. We propose an alternative design – a dynamic posted-price mechanism – which uses not only block utilization but also observable bids from past blocks to compute a posted price for subsequent blocks. We show its potential to reduce price volatility by providing examples for which the prices of EIP-1559 are unstable while the prices of the proposed mechanism are stable. More generally, whenever the demand for the blockchain stabilizes, we ask if our mechanism is able to converge to a stable state. Our main result provides sufficient conditions in a probabilistic setting for which the proposed mechanism is approximately welfare optimal and the prices are stable. Our main technical contribution towards establishing stability is an iterative algorithm that, given oracle access to a Lipschitz continuous and strictly concave function f, converges to a fixed point of f.

**2012 ACM Subject Classification** Theory of computation  $\rightarrow$  Market equilibria; Security and privacy  $\rightarrow$  Mathematical foundations of cryptography

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## - References -

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